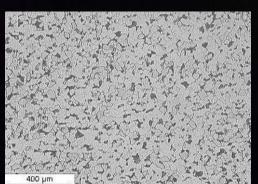








150 years of steel



IRON & STEEL INSTITUTE, Presidents		
1869-71 William Cavendish, 7th Duke of Devonshire	1914-15 Adolpha Greiner DSc	1951-52 Richard Mather BMet
1871-73 Sir Henry Bessemer	1914-15 Adolphe Greiner DSc	1952-53 Captain Hector Leighton Davies CBE JP
1873-75 Sir Lowthian Bell Bt FRS	1916-18 Rt Hon Lord Invernairn of Strathnairn	1953-54 James Mitchell CBE
1875-77 William Menelaus	1918-20 C P Eurgene Schneider DSc	1954-55 The Hon Richard Glynne Lyttelton
1877-79 Sir C William Siemens FRS	1920-22 John Edward Stead DSc Dmet FRS	1955-56 Sir Chales Bruce-Gardner Bt
1879-81 Edward Williams	1922-24 Francis Samuelson	1956-57 Herbert Henry Burton CBE DMet
	1924-25 Sir William Ellis GBE DENG	1957-58 Arnold Hugo Ingen-Housz
1881-83 Josiah Timmis Smith	1925-26 Sir Frederick Mills Bt DL	1958-59 Charles Reginal Wheeler CBE
1883-85 Rt Hon Sir Bernard Samuelson Bt FRS	1926-27 Sir W Peter Rylands JP	1959-60 William Barr OBE
1885-87 John Percy MD FRS	1927-28 Frank William Harbord CBE	
1887-89 Danie Adamson	1928-29 Benjamin Talbot	1960-61 William Frederick Cartwright DL
1889-91 The Rt Hon Lord Airedale of Gledhow DSc	1929-31 Henry Louis MA DSc	1961-62 Sir Charles Goodeve OBE DSc FRS
1891-93 Sir Frederick Augustus Abel Bt GVCO KCB FRS	1931-33 Col Sir W Charles Wright Bt KBE CB	1962-63 Maurice Alberic Fiennes
1893-95 Edward Windsor Richards		1963-64 Frank Bernard George
1895-97 Sir David Dale Bt DCL	1933-35 William R Lysaght CBE	1964-65 Frank Henry Saniter OBE DSc (Tech) BEN
1897-99 Edward Pritchard Martin	1935-37 Sir Harold Carpenter FRS	1965-66 William Frederick Gilbertson
1899-1901 Sir William Chandler Roberts-Austen KCB DCL	1937-38 Alfred Hutchinson MA	1966-67 Sir Douglas Bruce-Gardner Bt
FRS	1938-40 The Rt Hon The Earl of Dudley DC	1967-68 Norman E Jones CMG DSc ASTC
1901-03 William Whitwell [2]	1940-42 Sir John Craig CBE DL	1968-69 Dr John Hugh Chesters OBE FRS
1903-05 Andrew Carnegie LLD	1942-44 James Henderson	1969-70 Niall Cambell Macdiarmid
1905-07 Sir Robert Abbott Hadfield Bt DSc FRS	1869-71 William 1944-46 Arthur Dorman	1970-71 Norman Cecil Lake CBE
1907-10 Sir Hugh Bell Bt CD DCL LLD	1946-48 Dr Cecil Henry Desch DSc PhD LLD FRS	1971-72 Thomas Rae Craig CBE TD
1910-12 Victor, Ninth Duke of Devonshire KG	1948-50 Sir Andrew McCance LLD DSc FRS	
1912-14 Arthur Cooper LLD	1950-51 James Robert Menzies-Wilson OBE	1972-73 Geoffrey Thomas Harris CBE
		1973-74 Lionel Roger Price Pugh CRD DL

Iron & Steel Institute 1869

THE JOURNAL

OF THE

IRON & STEEL INSTITUTE.

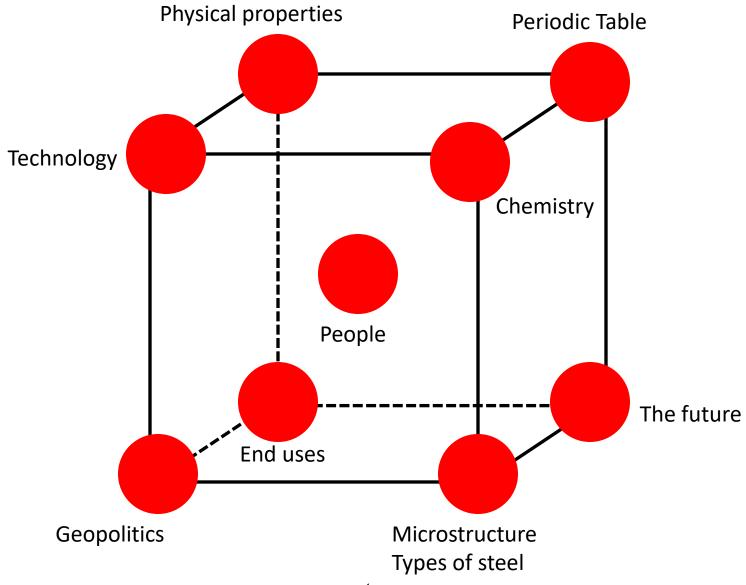
LONDON:

E. & F. N. SPON, 48, CHARING CROSS.

PRICE, SEVEN SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE.

INDEX TO VOL. I.

	PAGE.		
Appendix to Mr. Bell's Paper	79		
Discussion on Mr. Williams' Paper	164		
Do. Mr. Howson's Paper	181		
Description of a Hot Blast Fire-brick Stove, by Mr. Thomas			
Whitwell	206		
Discussion on Mr. Bell's Paper 124 and	-213		
Discussion on Mr. Budd's Paper	231		
Errata in Mr. Bell's Paper 237 and	- 78		
General Meeting, London, June, 1869	3		
Do. do. Middlesbrough, September, 1869	33		
Do. do. London, December, 1869	185		
Inaugural Meeting, London, 1869	5		
Inaugural Address, Duke of Devonshire	5		
"On the Development of Heat, and its Appropriation in Blast			
Furnaces of Different Dimensions," by Mr. I. L. Bell	37		
"On a New Process for Removing Silicon from Pig Iron," by			
Mr. J. Palmer Budd	133		
"On Siemens' Regenerative Furnace, and its Application to			
Re-heating Furnaces," by Mr. J. T. Smith	145		
"On the Manufacture of Rails," by Mr. E. Williams	156		
"On the Siemens-Martin Process of Manufacturing Cast			
Steel," by Mr. Howson	172		
"On Improved Machinery for Rolling Rails," by Mr. W.			
Menelaus	187		
"On the Production and Application of Combustible Gases			
under Pressure," by Mr. G. H. Benson	196		
under Fressure, by Mr. O. H. Denson	100		

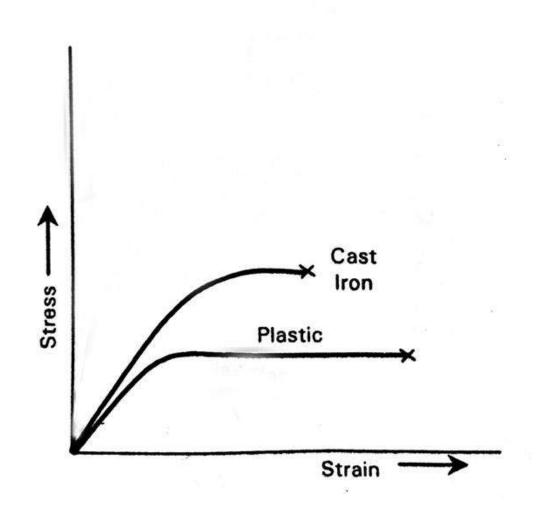


Ironbridge – 1779 – Abraham Darby III – cast iron

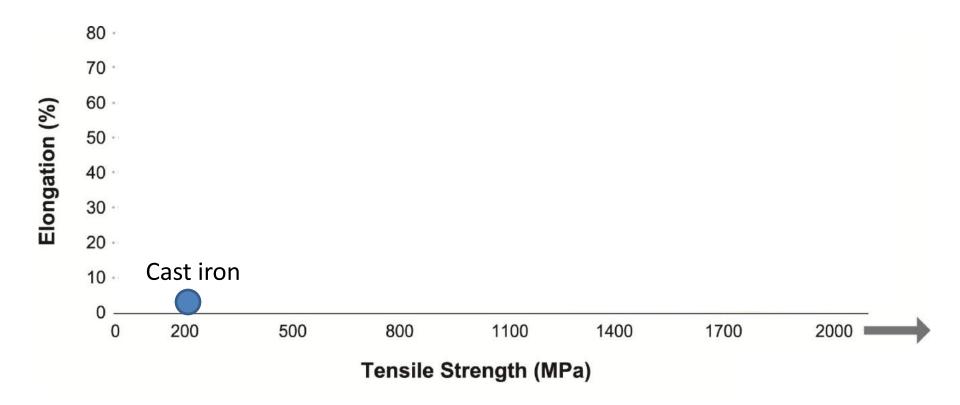




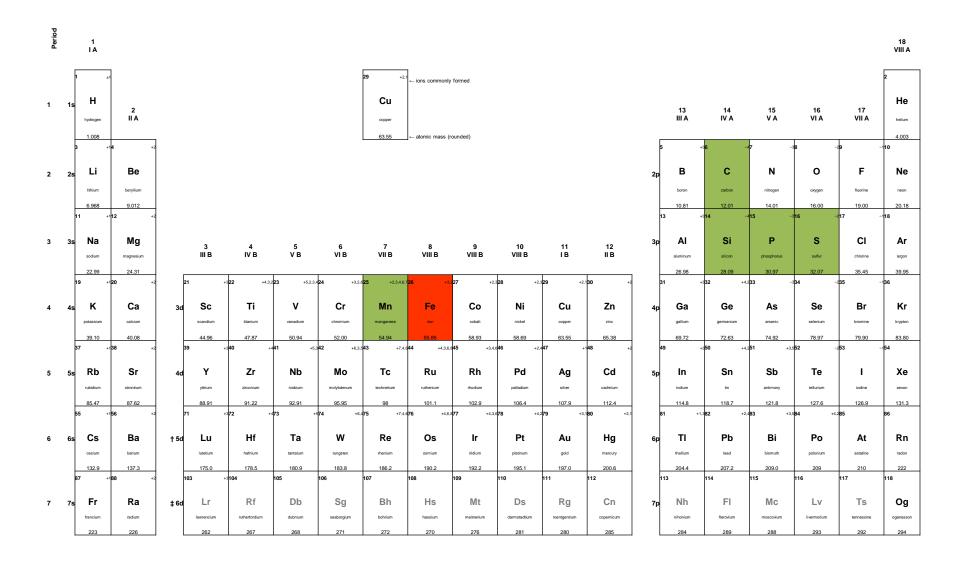
Cast iron – stronger than plastic. Brittle. Good in compression.



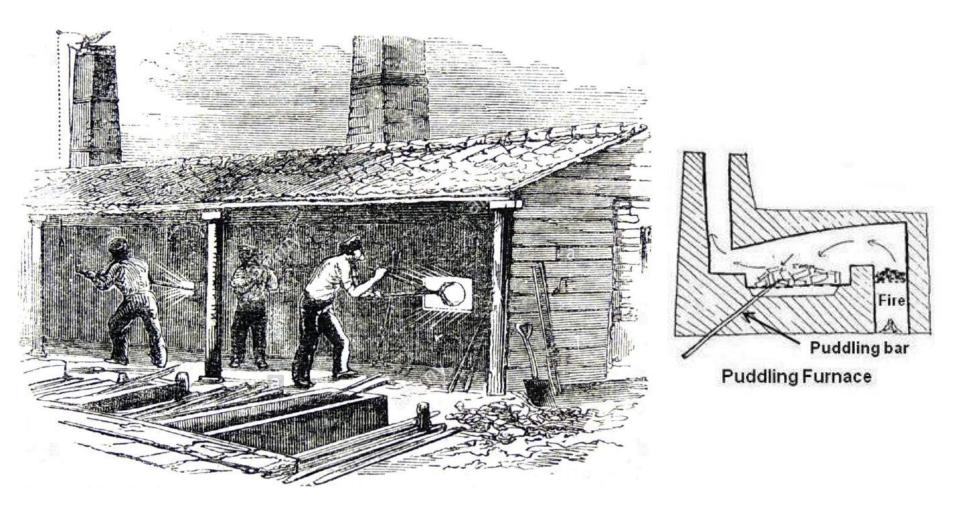
Position of cast iron



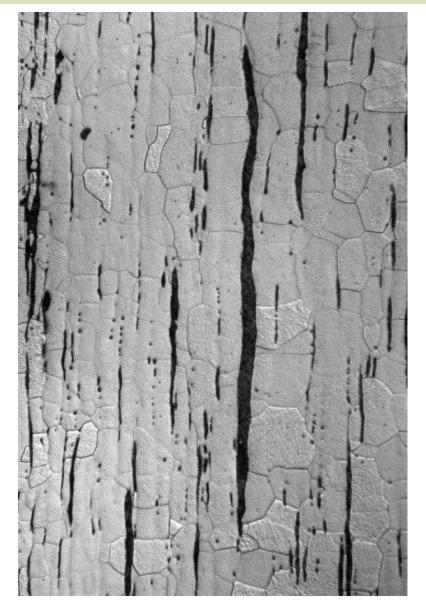
150th anniversary of the Periodic Table – knowledge in 1869



6000 puddling furnaces in the UK make 2 million tonnes of wrought iron - 1869



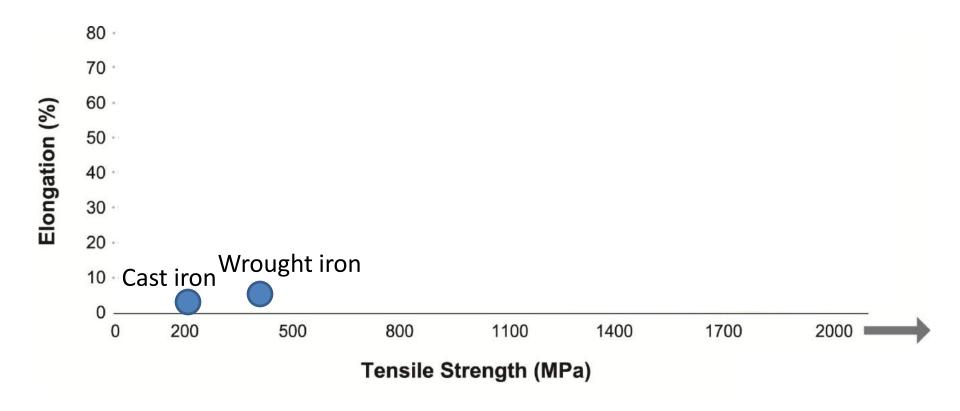
Henry Clifton Sorby – Father of Metallography – 1826 - 1908



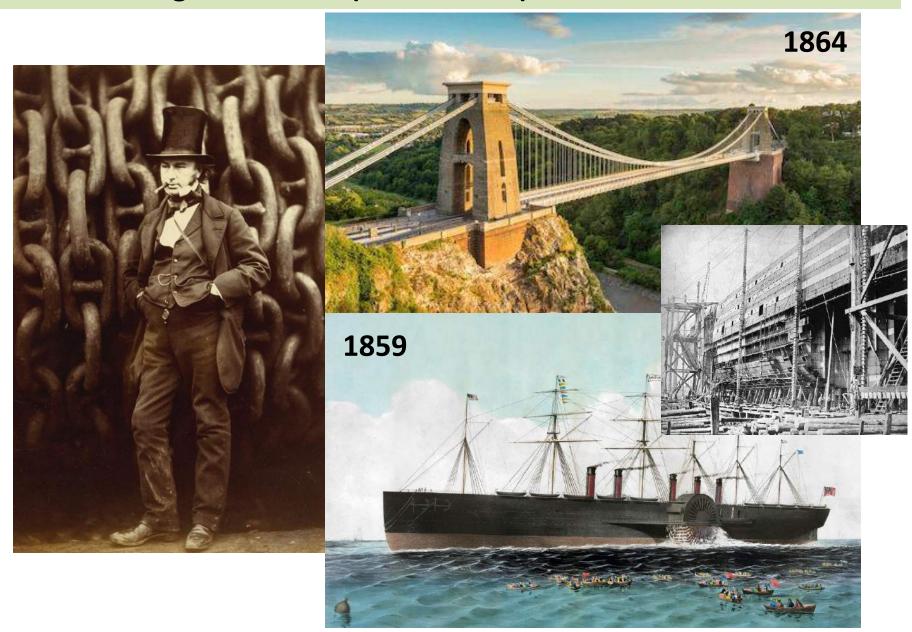


Wrought iron

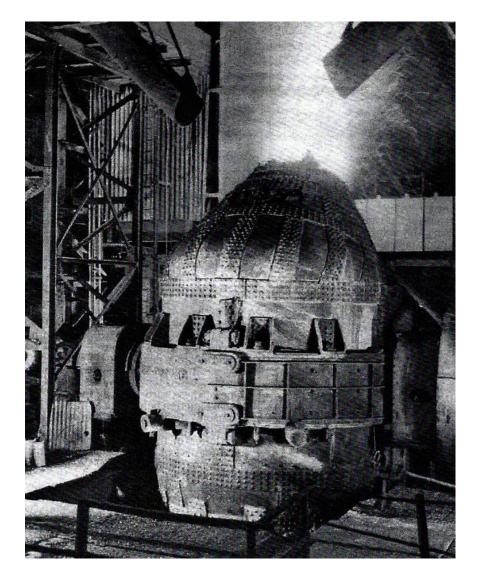
Position of wrought iron



Isambard Kingdom Brunel (1806 – 1859)



Henry Bessemer 1813 – 1898 Invention of Bessemer converter, 1856

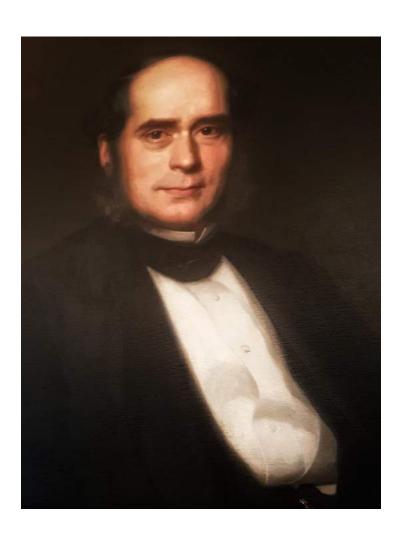




Henry Bessemer 1813 – 1898 Invention of Bessemer converter, 1856



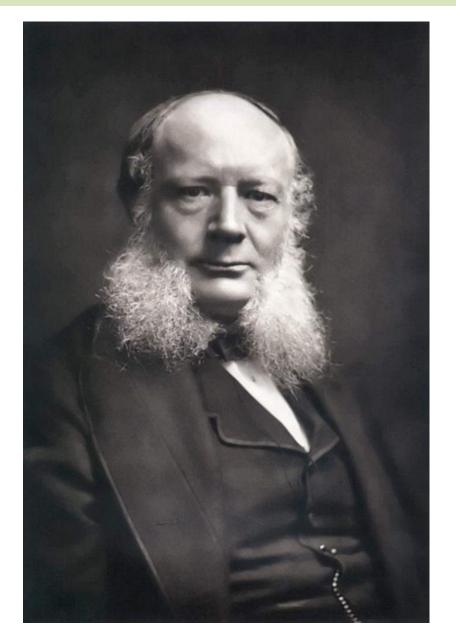
Henry Bessemer 1813 – 1898 Invention of Bessemer converter, 1856

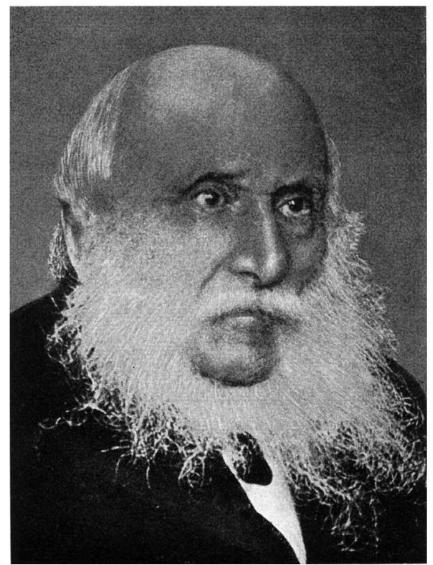




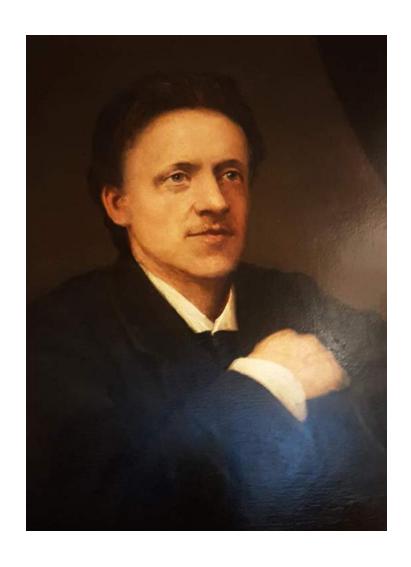


Carl Wilhelm Siemens 1823 – 1883 Pierre Emile Martin 1824 – 1915 Open Hearth Furnace 1865





Sidney Gilchrist Thomas 1850 – 1885 Elimination of phosphorus – basic converter - 1878

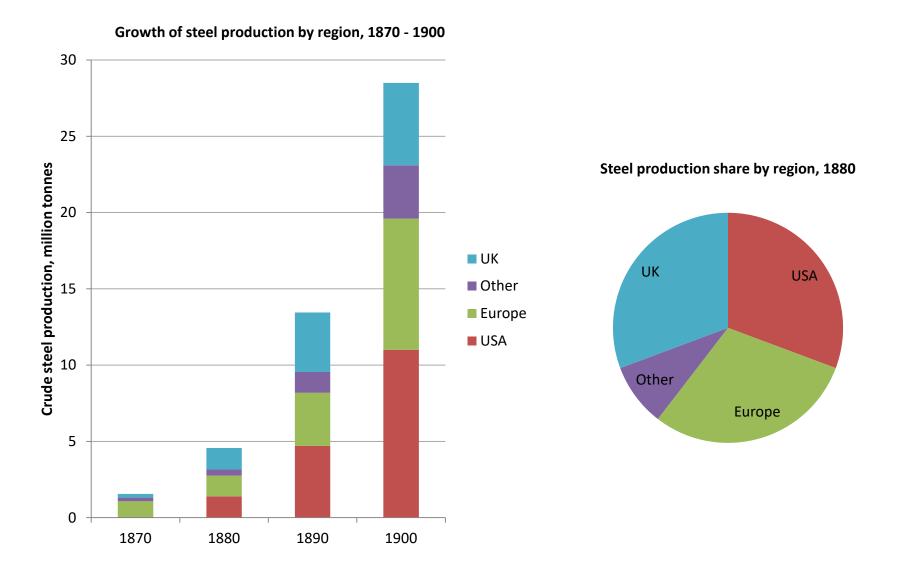




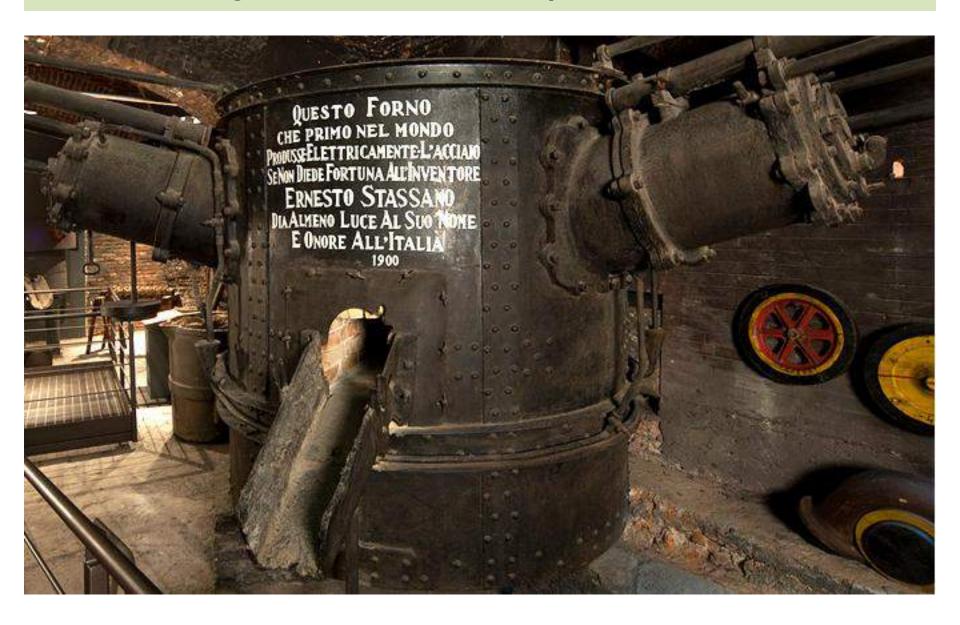
Brooklyn Bridge 1880 – wrought iron



1880 steel production worldwide - UK and USA have 31% each



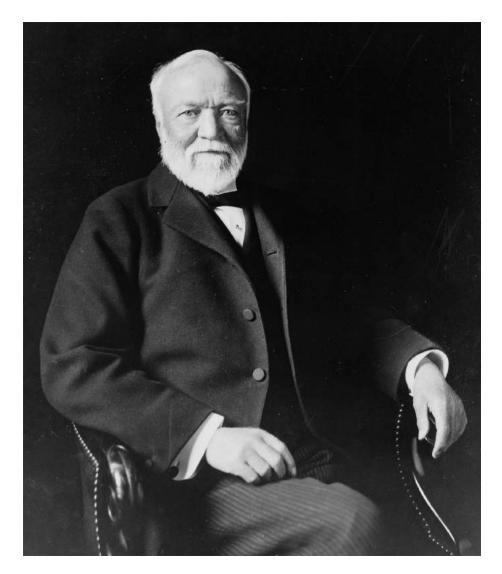
Dr James Burgess Readman - first operational; EAF - 1888

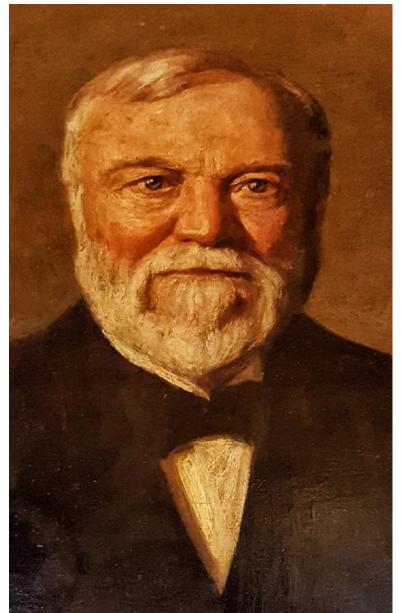


Eiffel Tower 1889 – wrought iron – 10,000 tonnes

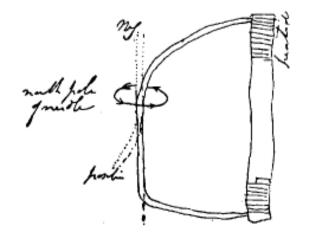


Andrew Carnegie (1835 – 1919) Built Carnegie Steel, forerunner of US Steel. Sold to J P Morgan 1901

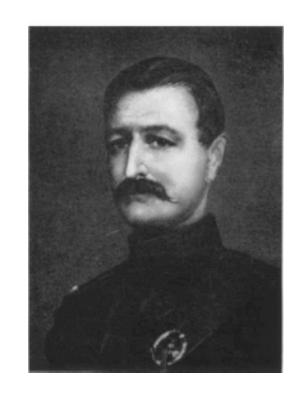




Development of the thermocouple – commercial Pt/Rh by 1900





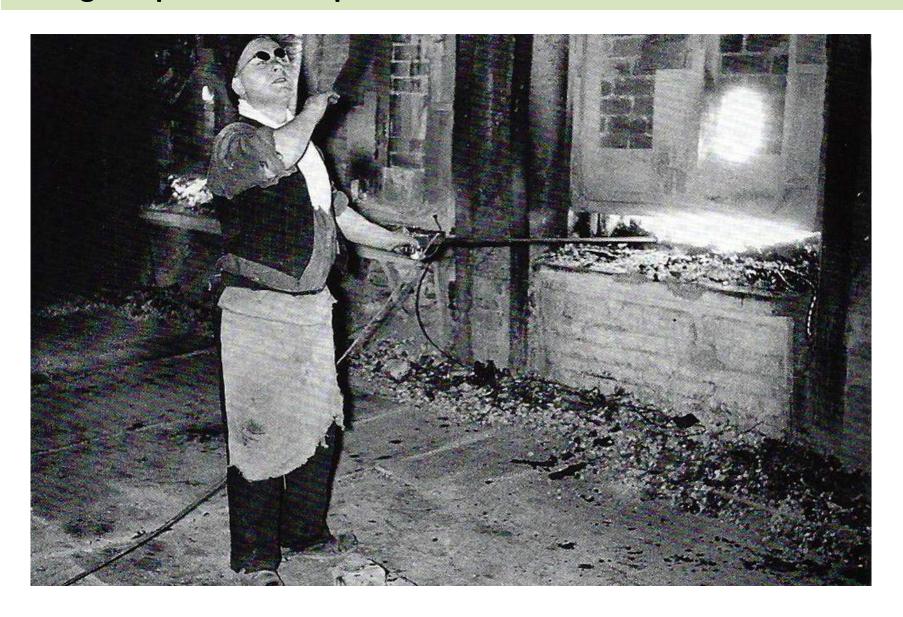


Early sketch by Ohm, 1820s

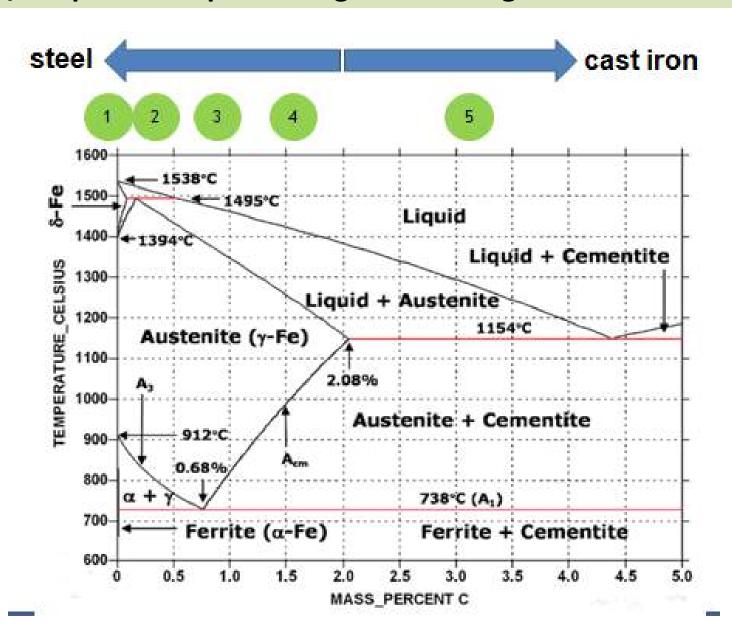
Le Chatelier, uses platinum/rhodium Thermocouple, 1885

Edward Matthey commercial version of Pt/Rh thermocouple 1900

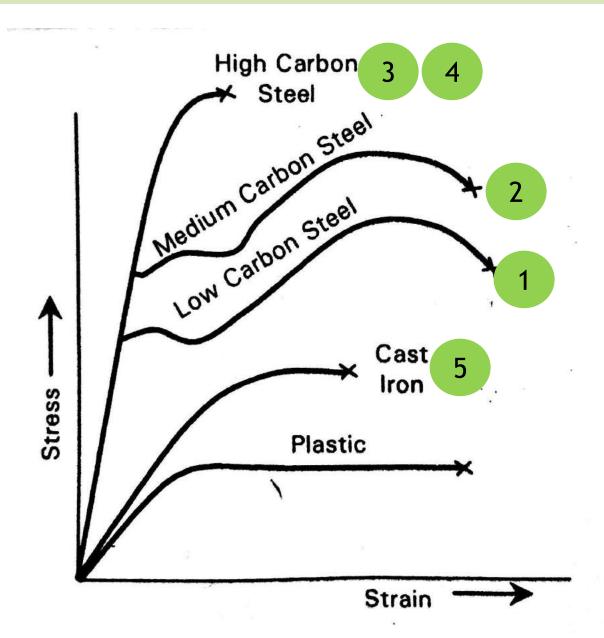
Taking temperature of Open Hearth Furnace



The Fe/C equilibrium phase diagram – emerges after 1900



Stress strain curve for low, medium and high carbon steels



Steel begins to be understood and classified

Carbon steel, or **plain carbon steel**, is steel where the main alloying element is carbon. Manganese must be less than 1.65%, silicon 0.60% and copper 0.60%

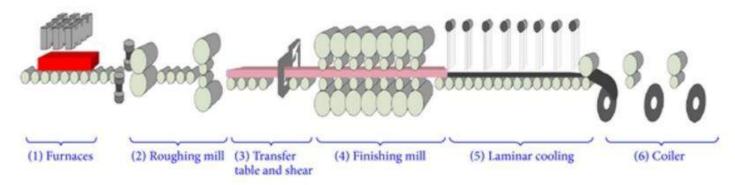
- Low carbon steels have 0.05% 0.29% carbon. A large proportion of steel has carbon contents within this range
- Medium carbon steels have 0.30% 0.59% carbon, and often some alloying elements. These are harder, stronger steels, modified by heat treatment
- High carbon steels have 0.60 0.99% carbon. These have high strength and good wear resistance forgings, automotive components
- 4 Ultra high carbon steels have 1.0 2.0% carbon. Very hard, sharp (knives)
- Over 2% carbon material becomes cast iron not steel

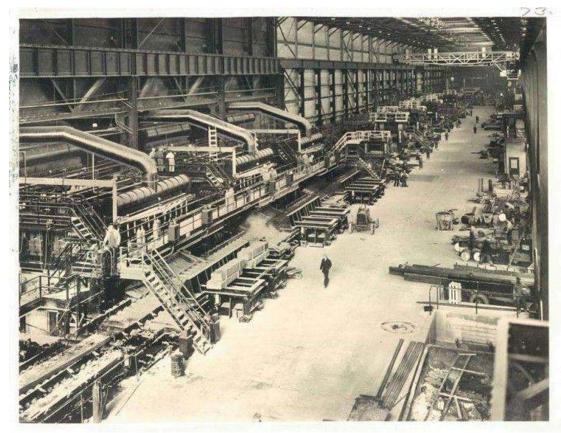
Steel poured into ingot moulds for subsequent rolling – 1800s onwards





Hot Strip Mill – developed from 1904





Empire State Building - 1930



Empire State Building - 1930

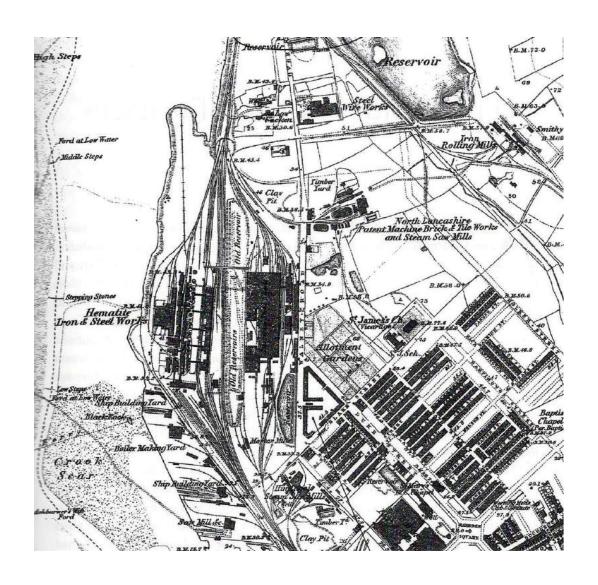




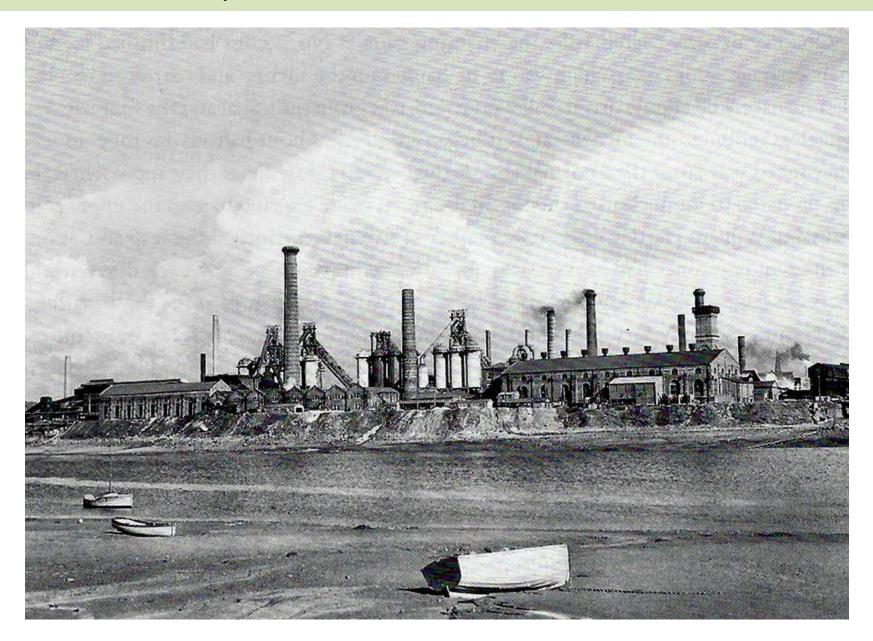
Sydney Harbour Bridge – 1930 photo – bridge opened 1932 – 86% steel from UK



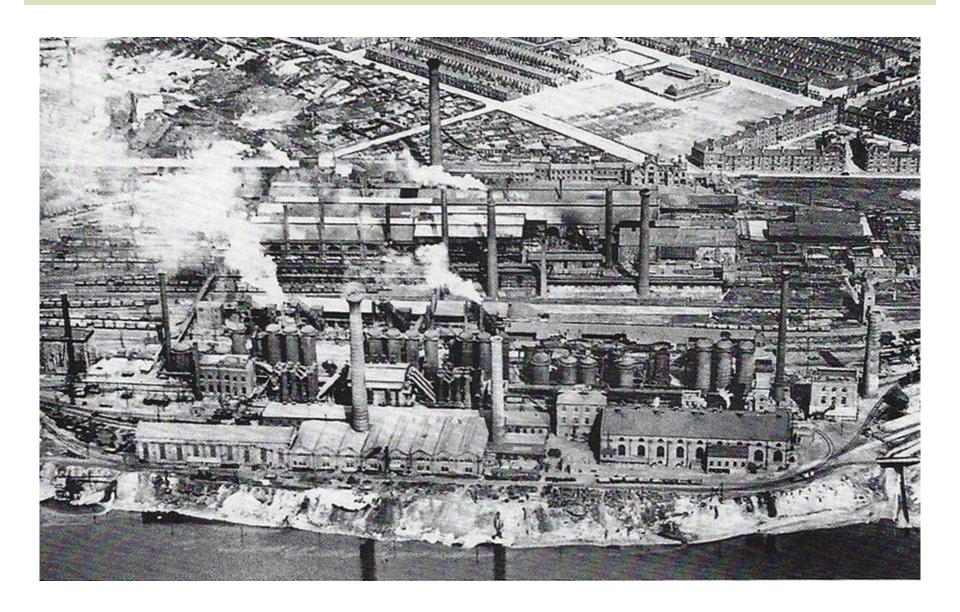
Barrow Steelworks, 1936



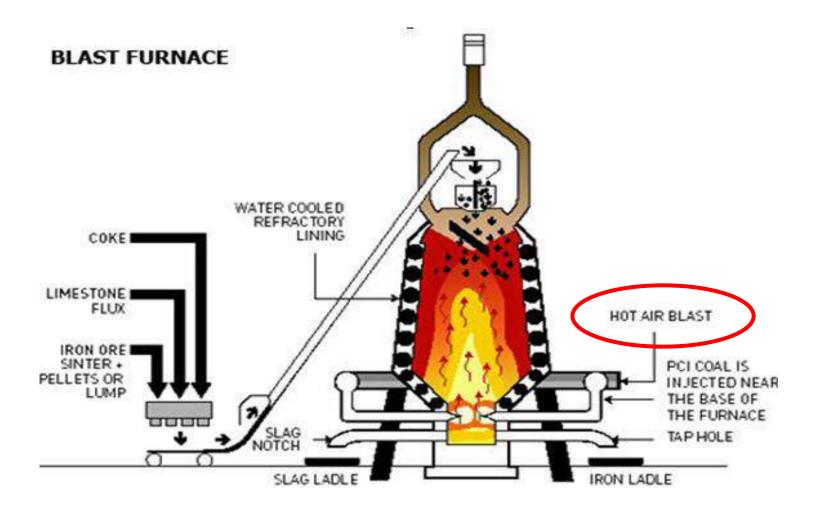
Barrow steelworks, 1936



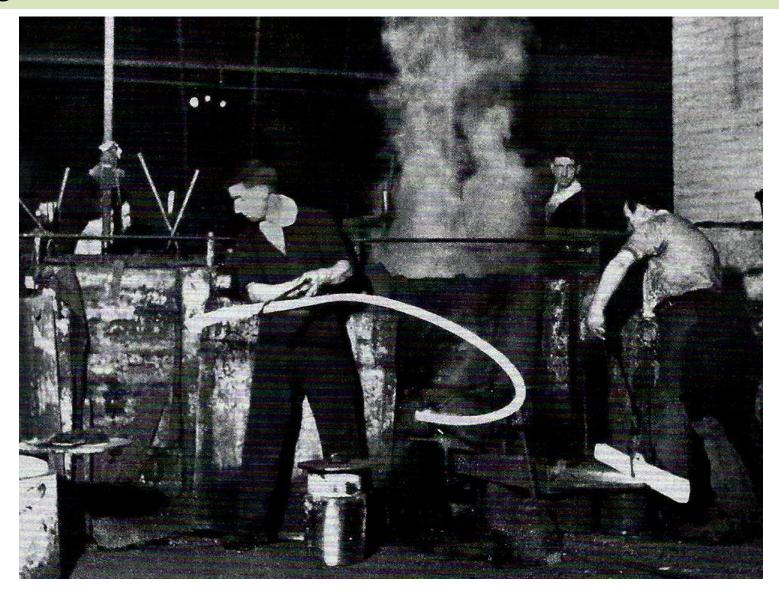
Barrow steelworks, 1936



A blast furnace

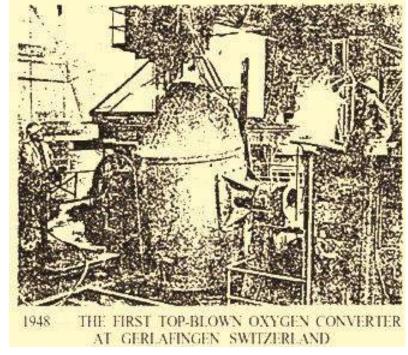


Tongsman – Barrow - 1936



Robert Durrer 1890 - 1978 Oxygen blown steel, 1948





Russia – 1955 – first hot metal produced at Cherepovets (Severstal)



China - 1956



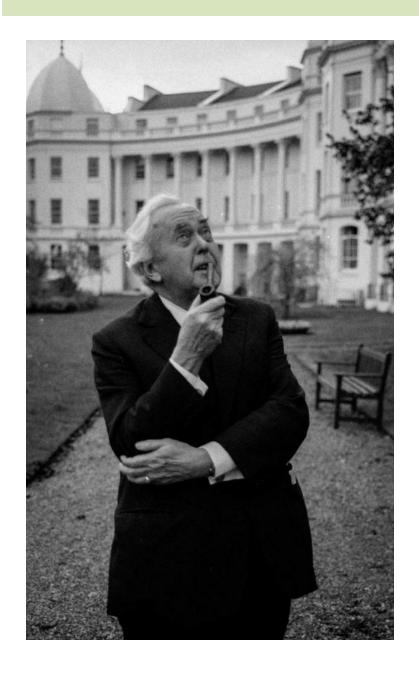
One cannot advance without mistakes... It is necessary to make mistakes.

Chairman Mao, 1956

China – Great Leap Forward - 1958



The white heat of this revolution - 1963



"The Britain that is going to be forged in **the white heat of this revolution** will be no place for restrictive practices or for outdated methods on either side of industry."

Harold Wilson, Labour Party Conference 1963

British Admiral – built Barrow 1965 – scrapped 1976 in Taiwan

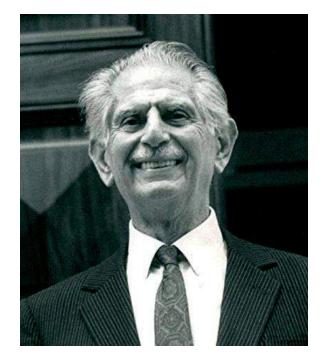


British Steel Corporation (BSC) – nationalised in 1967

- Key people Lord Melchett and Sir Monty Finniston
- 269,000 people in the newly formed BSC
- The BSC board had consensus that growth lay ahead
- The plan for growth included an unprecedented £6bn over 10 years



Lord Melchett - Chairman



Sir Monty Finniston - CEO

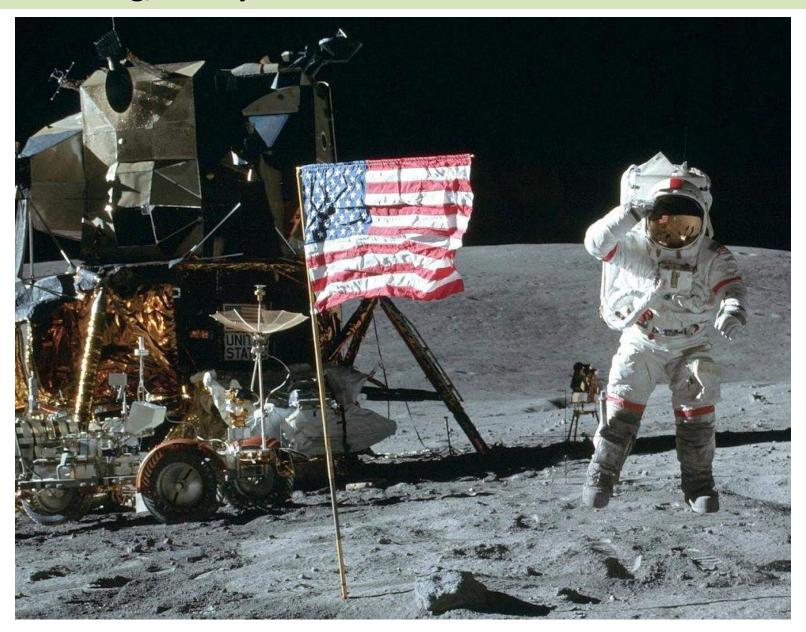
Revolution – 26 August 1968. B side of Hey Jude.

"You say you want a revolution Well, you know We all want to change the world You tell me that it's evolution Well, you know We all want to change the world...

...but if you go carrying pictures of chairman Mao
You ain't going to make it with anyone anyhow
Don't you know it's gonna be
All right, all right, all right..."

Songwriters: John Lennon / Paul McCartney Revolution lyrics © Sony/ATV Music Publishing LLC

Moon landing, 20 July 1969



British Steel 1969 – 1974. A period of revolution. 130,000 people by 1980.

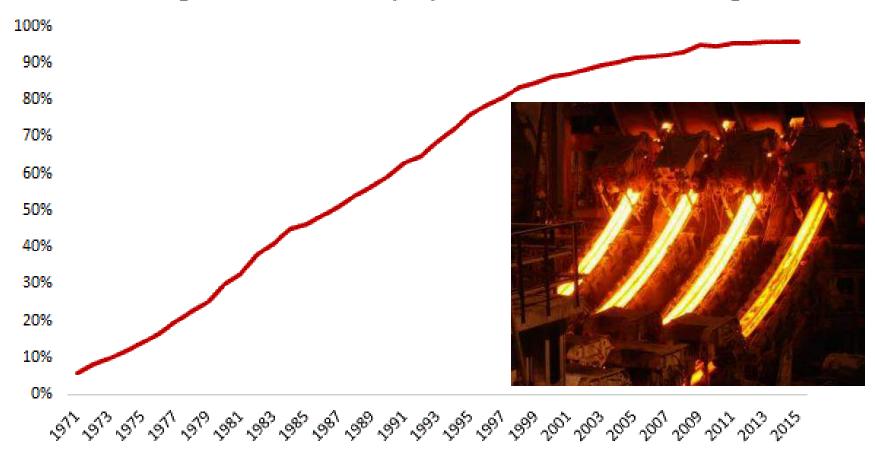
British Steel - production by process route 1969 - 1974 Crude steel, '000 tonnes ■ Open hearth ■ BOF ■ Electric

each type, 1969 - 1974 Number of furnaces ■ Open hearth ■ BOF ■ Electric

British Steel - number of furnaces of

Evolution of continuous casting

Share of global crude steel output produced via continuous casting



Cobble in concast billet – Barrow - 1970



China – 1970s (Dong Biwu – Acting Chairman, 1972 – 1975)

- China needs to grow
- Needs new technology, larger more modern plants
- Seeks technology from Austria (BOF steelmaking)
- Japan Baosteel modelled on Nippon Kimitsu
- Target 60mt crude steel by 1990
- \$60bn investment over 2 decades

CIA study (1979)

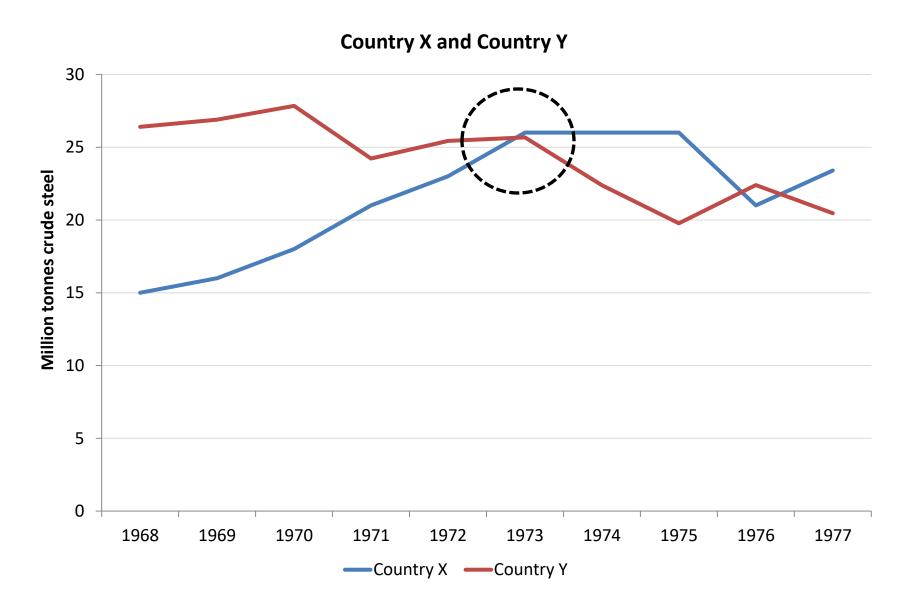
"With its abundant raw materials and the infusion of Western technology,

China should be able to develop a steel industry comparable in size to the steel industries of the USA, USSR and Japan".

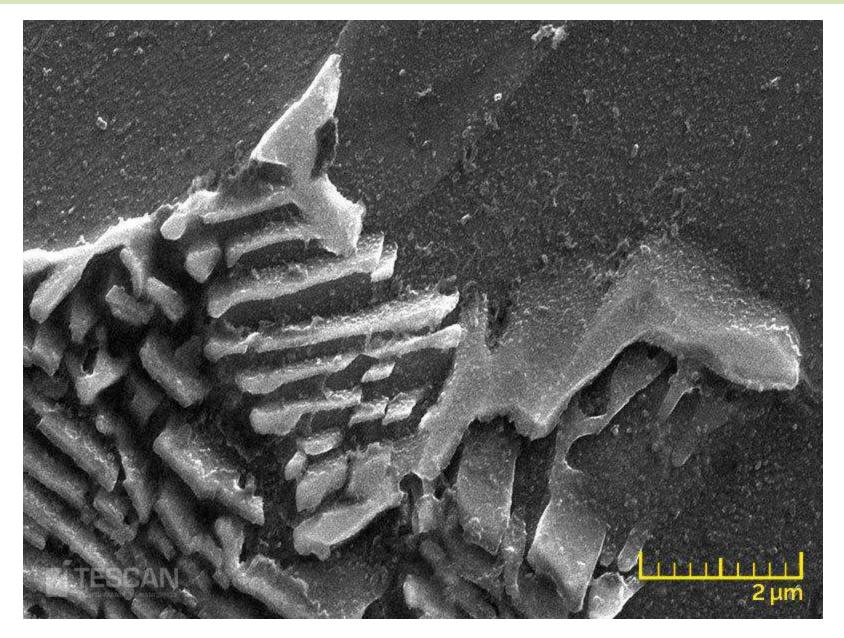
(Embargoed until release in 2000)



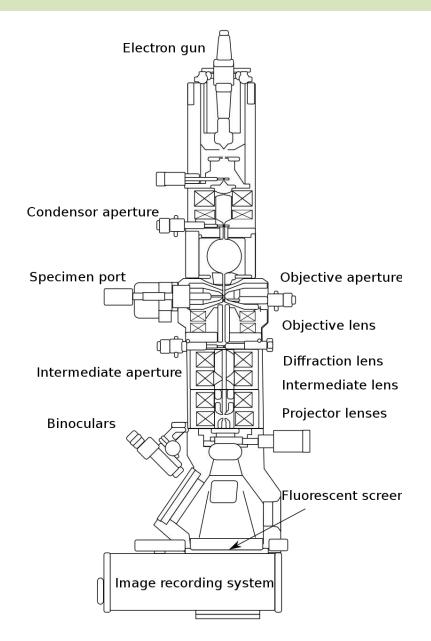
Country X and Country Y 1968 – 1977. The same crude steel output in 1973.



Scanning electron microscope – 1970. Image of pearlite in steel.



Transmission electron microscope – 1970s onwards





Dislocations in steel

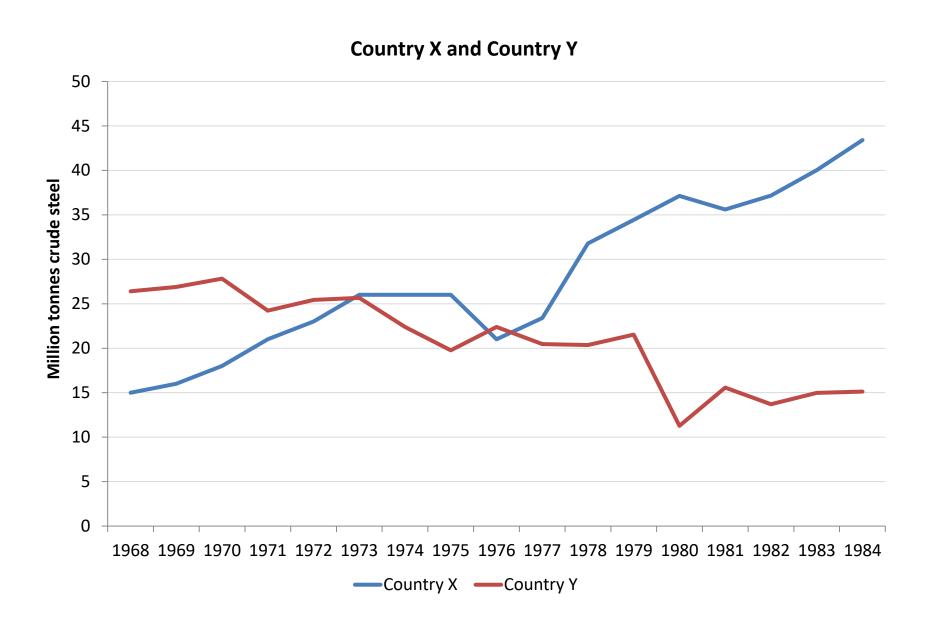
Lakshmi Mittal (1950 -) formed his first steel company, PT Ispat Indo, in 1976



Seawise Giant - Jahre Viking - Mont - 657,019 tonnes - built in Japan 1979 - scrapped India 2010



Country X and Country Y by 1984



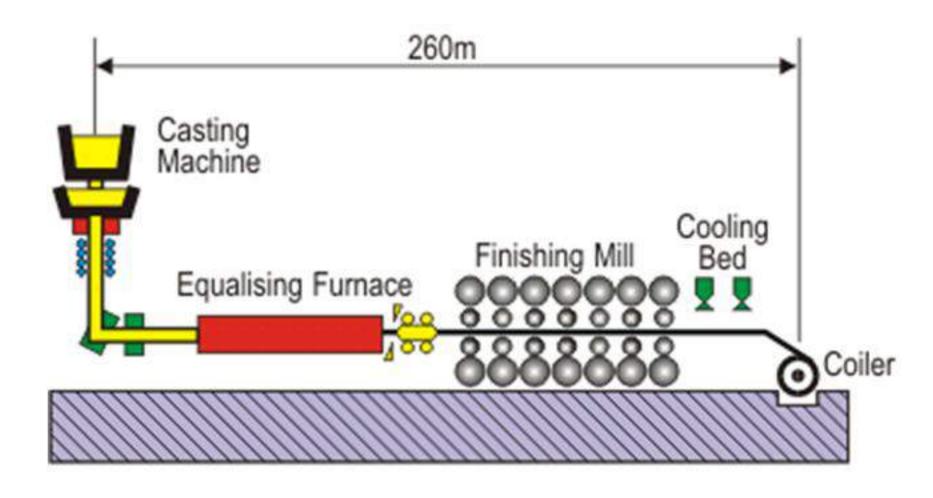
Ken Iverson (L) (1925 – 2002) and John Correnti of Nucor (R) (1947 – 2015) – commercialisation of thin slab casting,1989





Thin slab casting – commercialised by Nucor, 1989

Thin Slab Casting

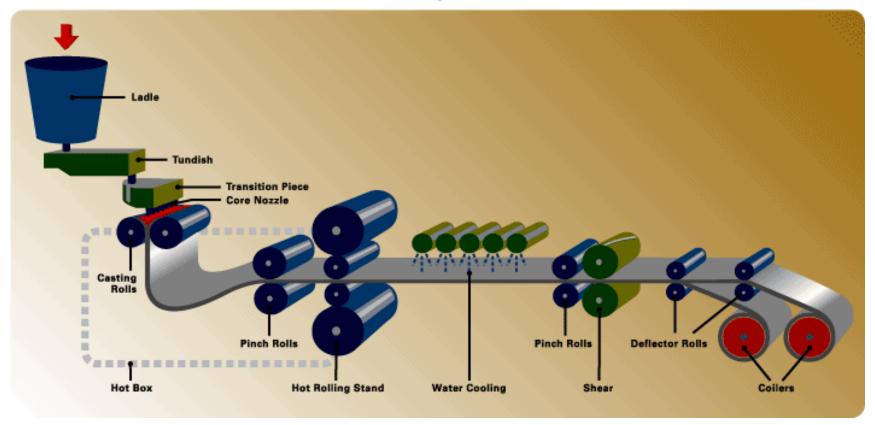


POSCO Gwangyang works, built 1985 – 1992, capacity 22 million tonnes per annum



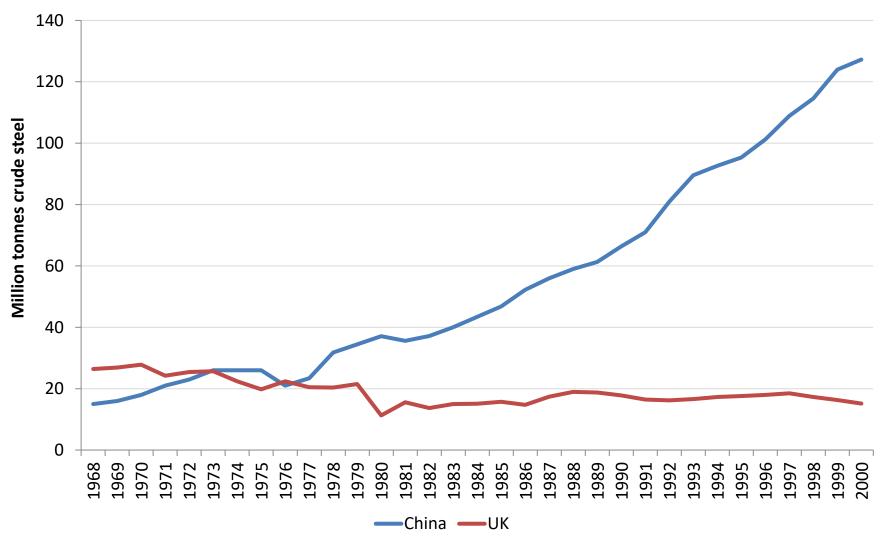
Castrip – development started in 1988, first commercial plant 2002

The Castrip® Process



Country X and Country Y revealed – by 2000





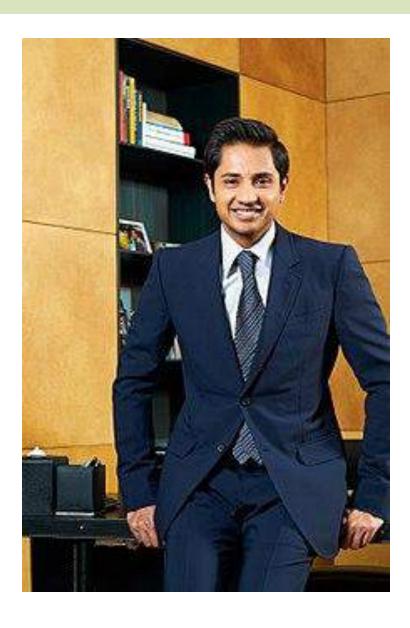
HMS Bulwalk – built Barrow 2001



Shipyard, China 2000s



Aditya Mittal (1976 -) Formation of Arcelor Mittal, 2006



Burj Khlaifa – Adrian Smith – Skidmore Owings & Merrill - 2008



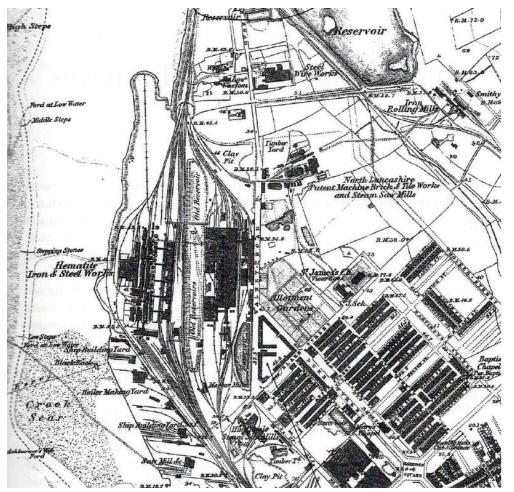
Blast furnaces at Baosteel, China 2010



The Shard – Renzo Piano - 2013

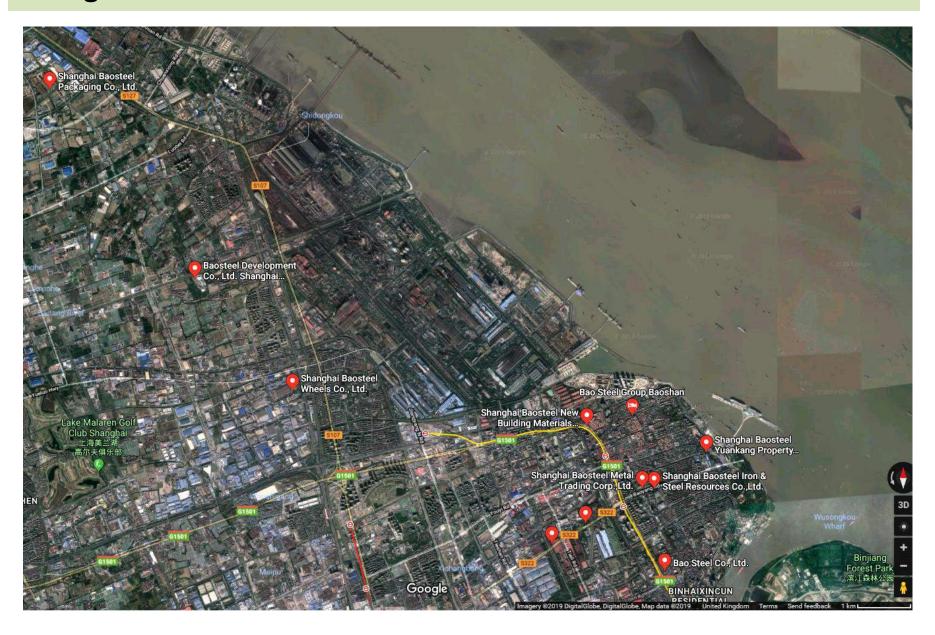


Barrow steelworks site, 1936 and 2018





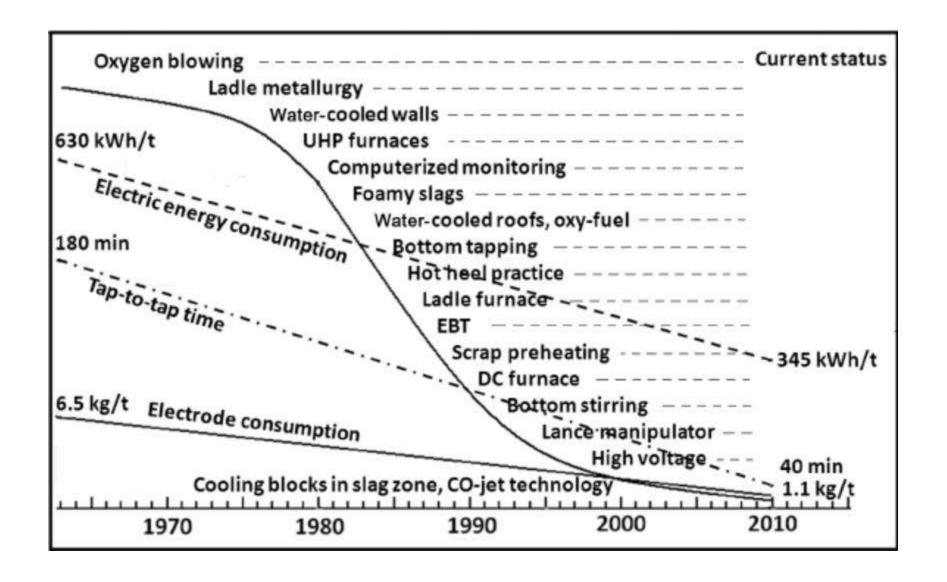
Shanghai – Baosteel site - 2018



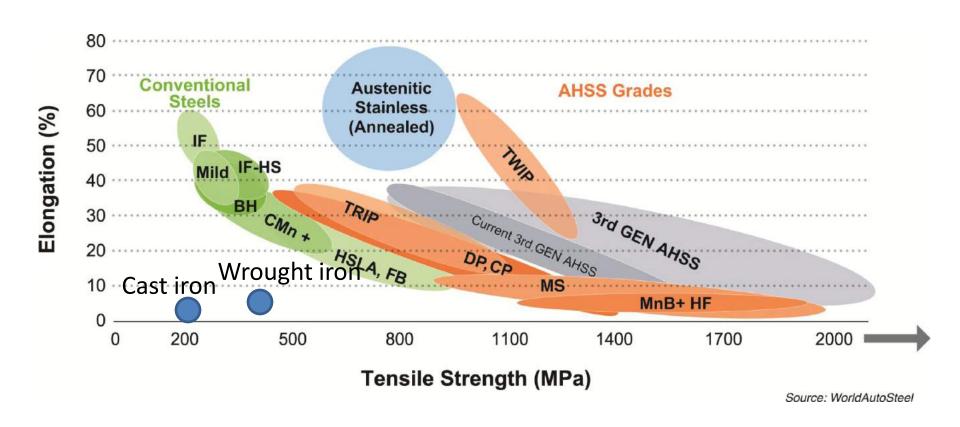
A modern EAF



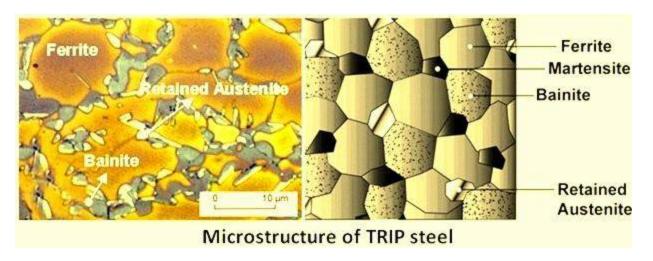
EAF improvements 1965 - 2015

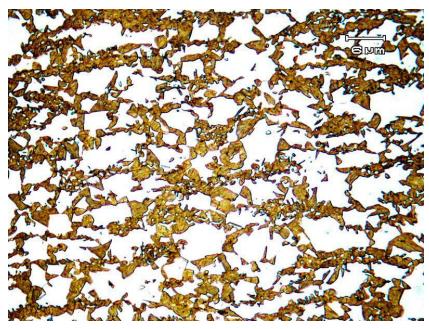


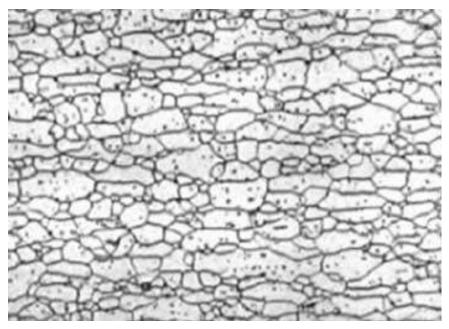
Development of high strength automotive steels



Complex microstructures of high strength steels



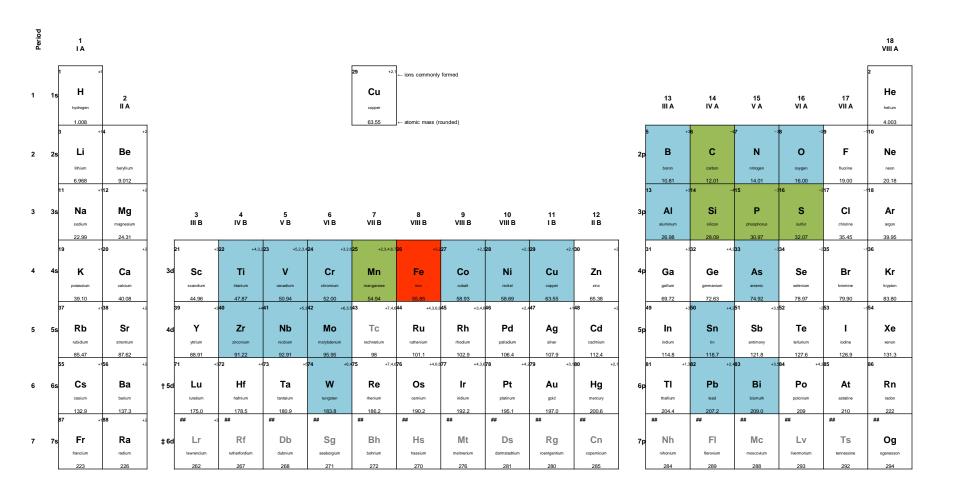




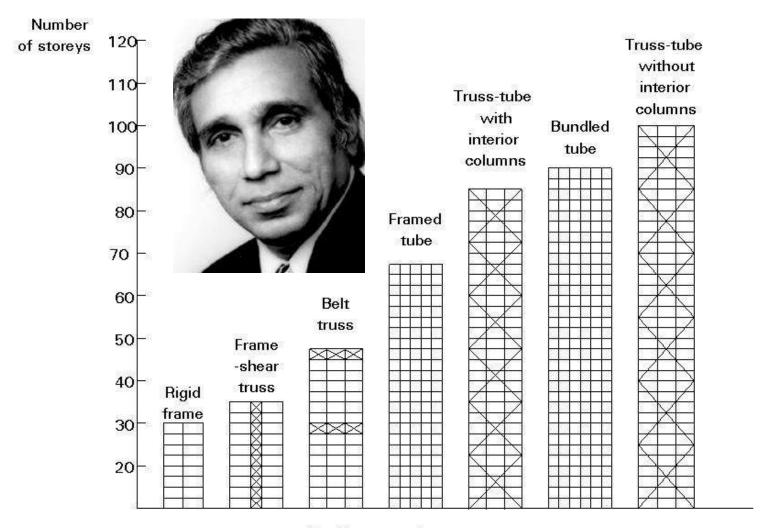
Dual phase steel

HSLA steel

150th anniversary of the Periodic Table



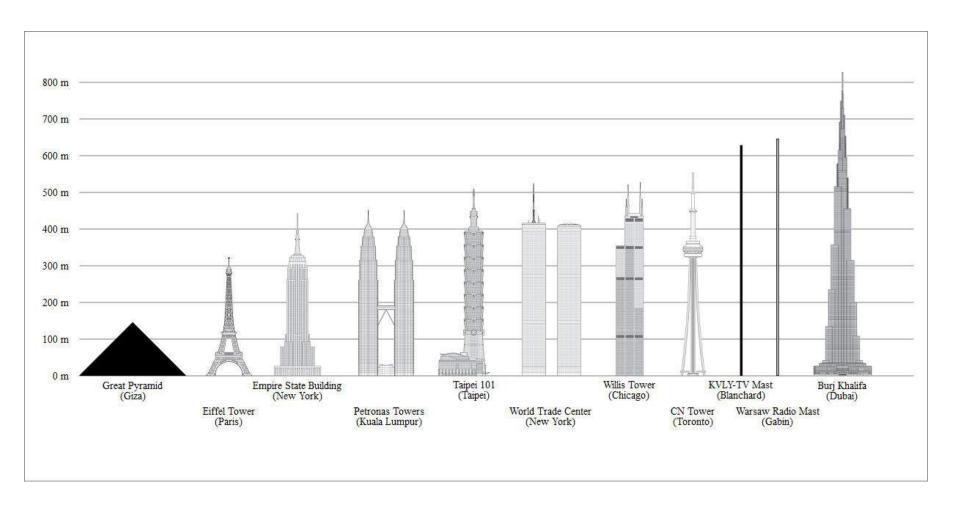
Fazlur Khan 1929 - 1982 "Einstein of structural engineering"

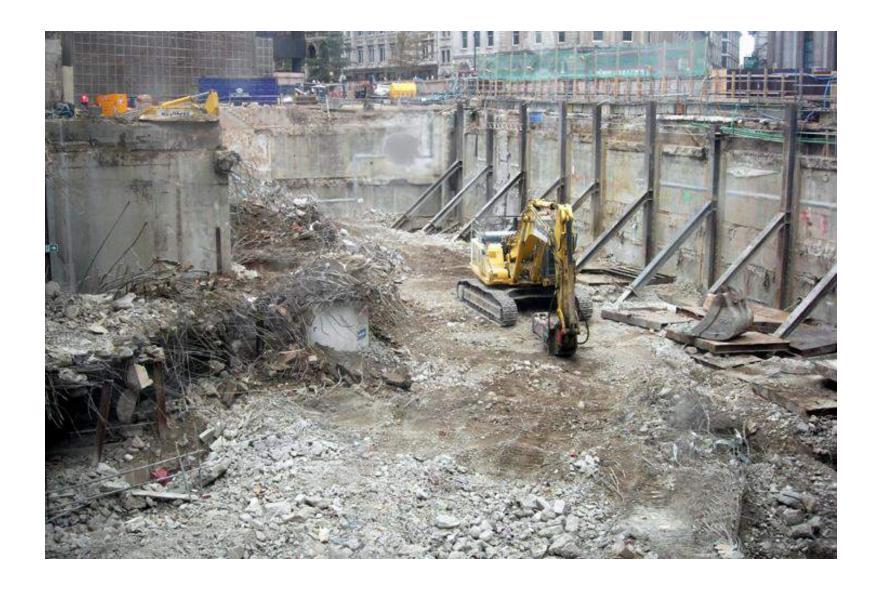


Steel structural systems

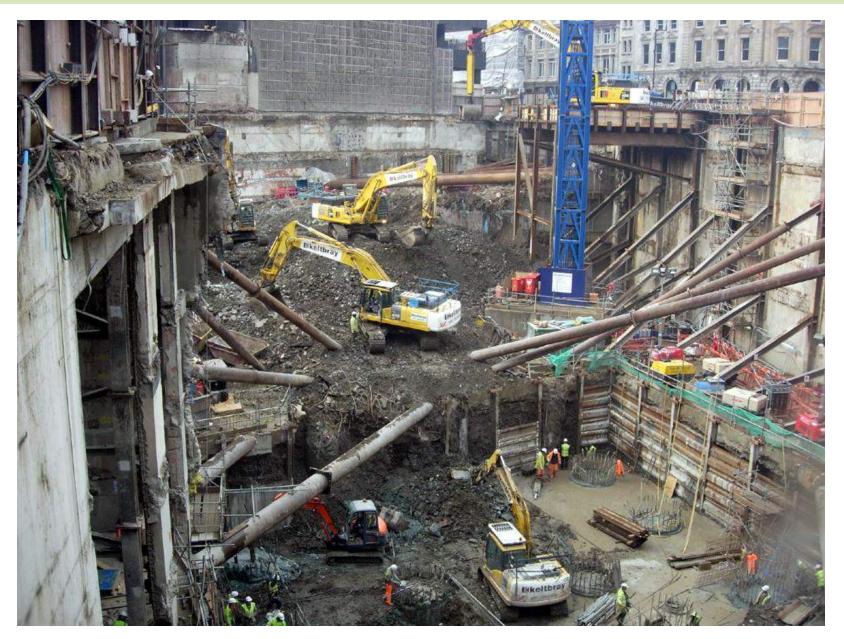
Figure 7 Steel structural systems and the number of storeys

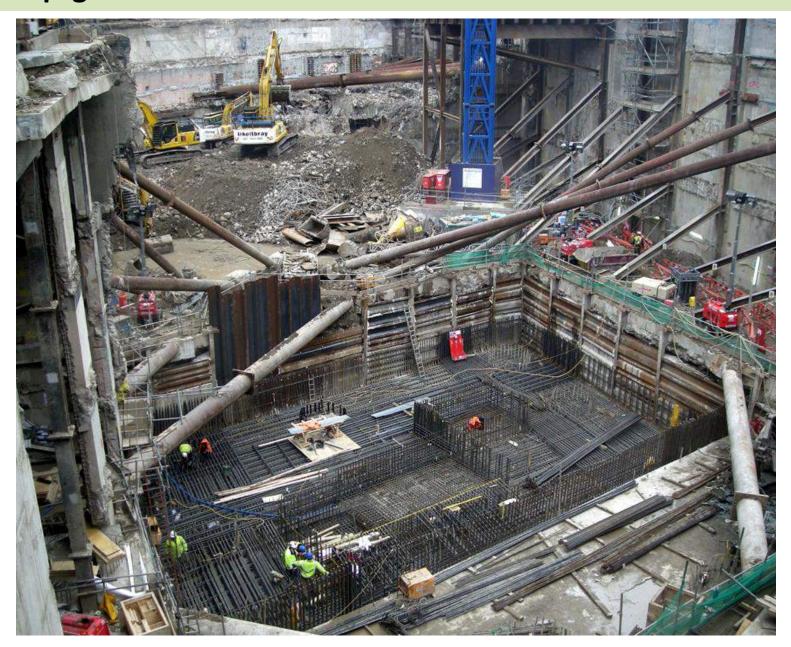
Height and time







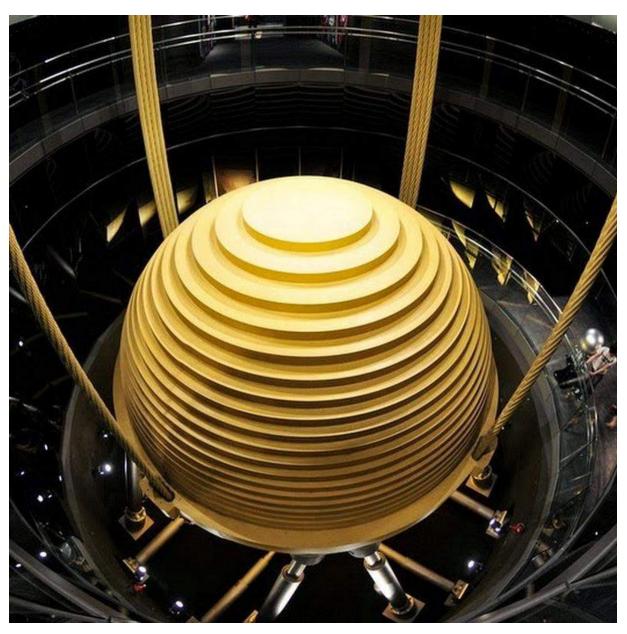




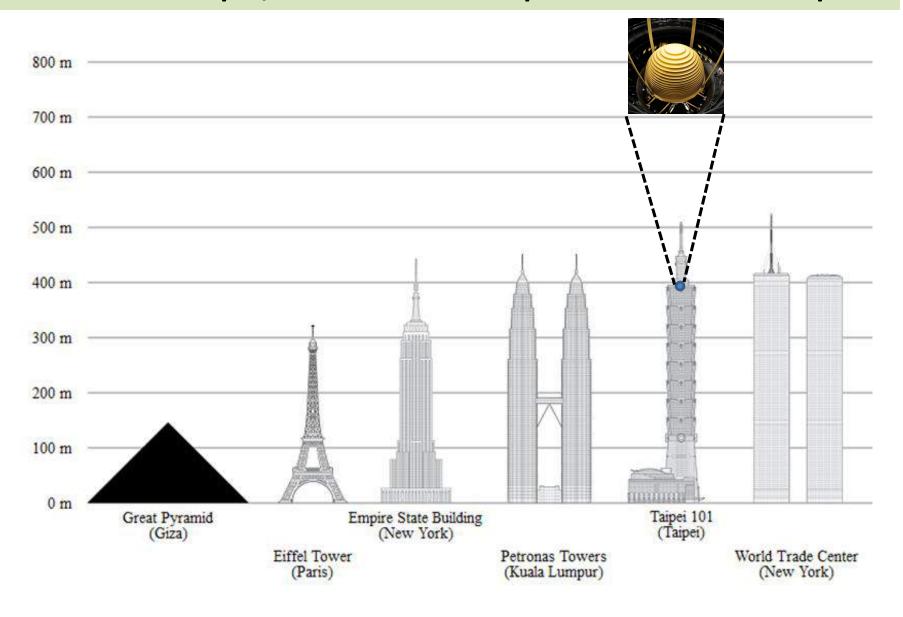
Almost complete, 2019



What is this?

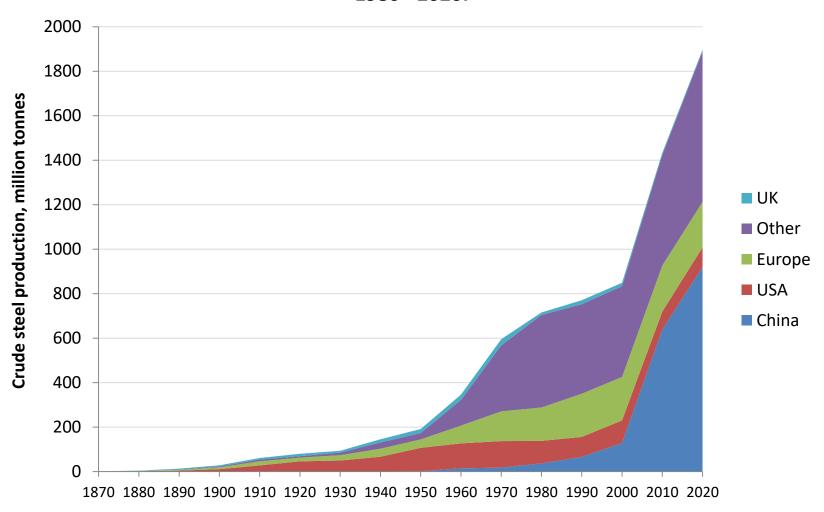


Tuned mass damper, 700 tonnes of computer controlled steel plates



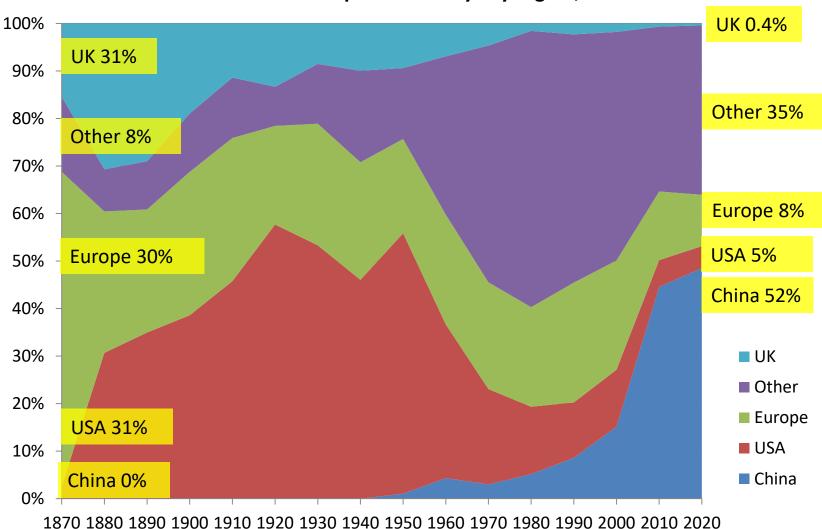
Crude steel growth by region

Evolution of world crude steel production tonnage by key region, 1980 - 2020f

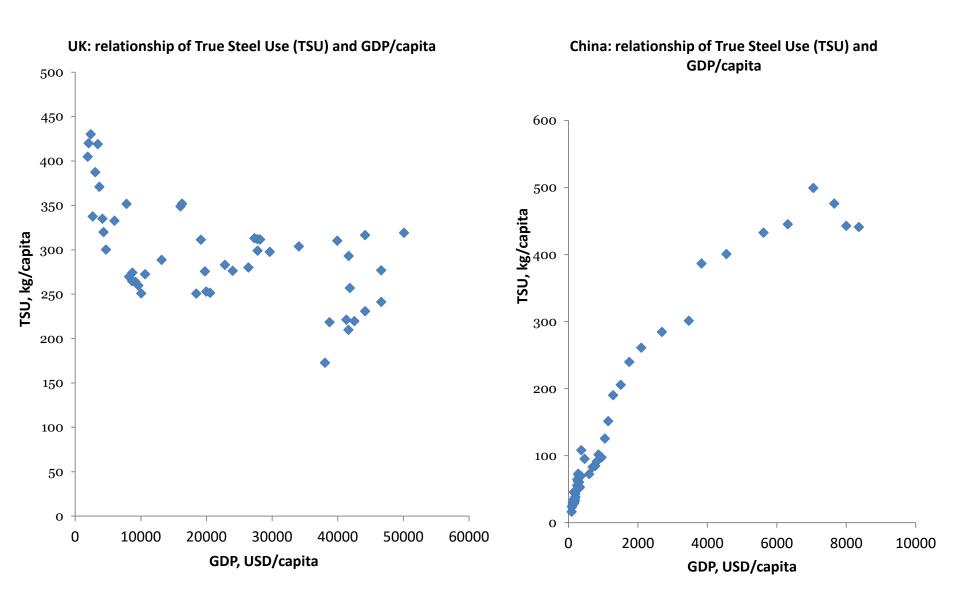


Evolution of word steel production by region 1870 - 2020

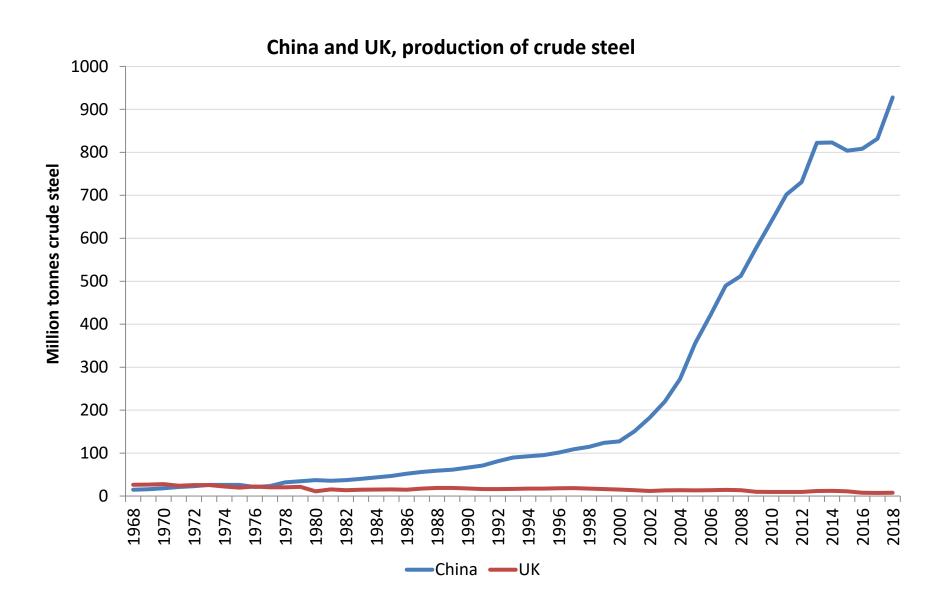




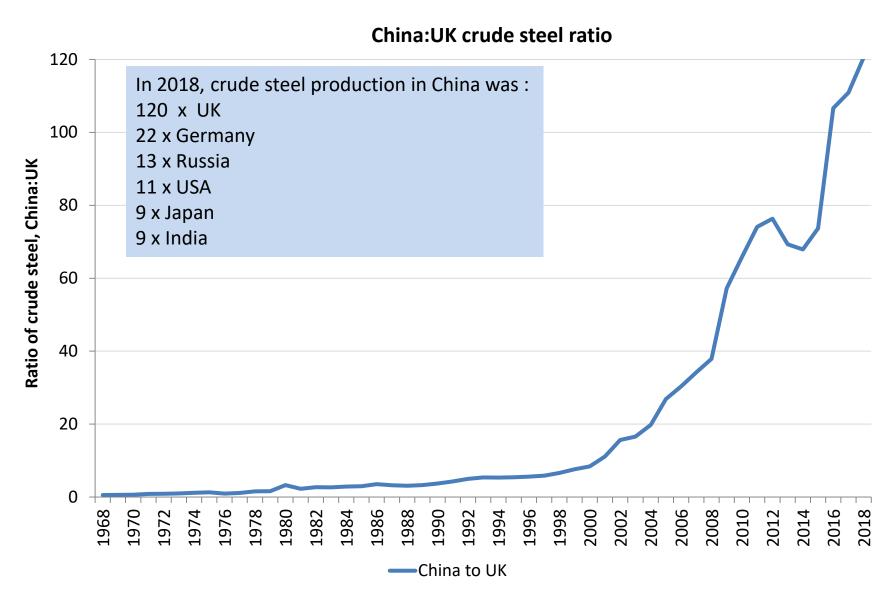
UK and China – different growth patterns – or are they?



Production of crude steel, China and UK, 1968 - 2018

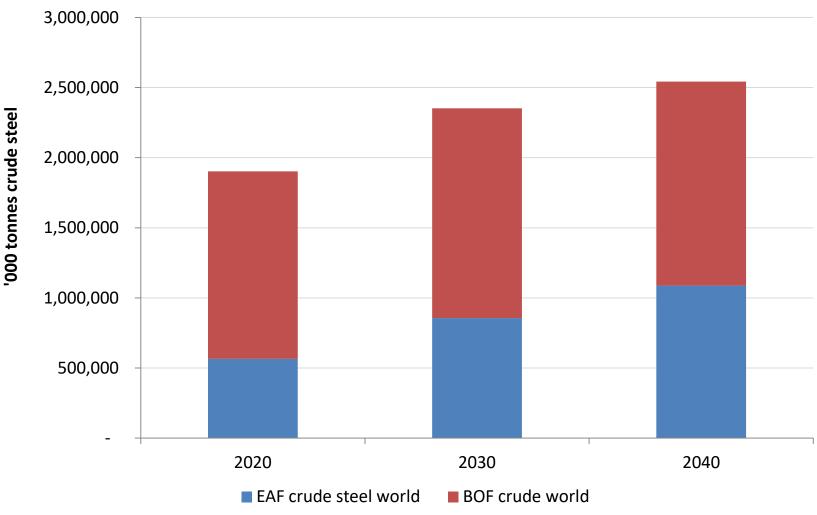


Ratio of crude steel, China:UK. Ratio was 120:1 in 2018. 1:1 in 1973



A view of the future





Acknowledgements

Thanks to MinSouth for inviting me to speak

- Many sources were used in the preparation of this talk, including:
- https://archive.org/details/journal187201iron/page/n8 for early details of Iron and Steel Institute
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iron and Steel Institute for Past Presidents
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Abraham Darby III for images of Ironbridge and Abraham Derby III
- https://extrudesign.com/how-tensile-test-is-conducted/ for details of cast iron and other stress strain curves
- Mr Bigler for the periodic table
- http://shropshirehistory.com/iron/iron_making.htm for puddling furnaces
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wrought iron for wrought iron details and microstructure
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isambard Kingdom Brunel for image of Brunel
- https://www.telegraph.co.uk/travel/destinations/europe/united-kingdom/articles/admire-the-view-from-the-clifton-suspension-bridge-in-this-360-video/ image of Clifton suspension bridge
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SS Great Eastern image of Great Eastern
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Henry Bessemer first image of Sir Henry Bessemer. Later image from portrait in Bessemer Room at IOM3
- Bessemer converter image from photo in Bessemer Room at IOM3
- Bessemer steel artefacts from display in Bessemer Room at IOM3
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carl Wilhelm Siemens Image of Carl Wilhelm Siemens
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pierre-%C3%89mile Martin Image of Carl Emile Martin
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sidney Gilchrist Thomas Image of Sidney Gilchrist Thomas, also image from portrait in Bessemer Room at IOM3

Acknowledgements

- Many sources were used in the preparation of this talk, including:
- https://www.6sqft.com/secrets-and-history-of-the-brooklyn-bridge/ Image of Brooklyn Bridge
- Early steel statistics from Zimmerman, World Resources and industries
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electric arc furnace Image of first and recent EAFs
- https://www.livescience.com/29391-eiffel-tower.html Image of Eiffel Tower
- Portrait of Andrew Carnegie from Bessemer Room at IOM3
- https://www.technology.matthey.com/article/8/1/23-28/ Images on development of the thermocouple
- Barrow Steelworks, Stan Henderson and Ken Royall, various images and maps of the steelworks
- Iron carbon equilibrium diagram, various sources
- https://www.pinterest.co.uk/pin/345721708865045232/?autologin=true Hot Strip Mill, Sparrows Point
- http://footage.framepool.com/en/shot/696347772-industralisation-forge-steel-beam-diagram and https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Empire State Building images of Empire State Building
- https://www.nma.gov.au/defining-moments/resources/sydney-harbour-bridge-opens Sydney Harbour Bridge
- https://www.mat.ethz.ch/news-and-events/staudinger-durrer-prize/robert-durrer.html image of Robert Durrer
- https://www.scmp.com/news/china-insider/article/1598753/great-leap-forward-commentary-western-hostile-forces-creates Image of steel production during Great Leap Forward
- http://www.shipspotting.com/gallery/photo.php?lid=1385454 Image of British Admiral oil tanker
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dong Biwu Image of Dong Biwu
- Many steel statistics from WorldSteel, formerly IISI, from 1900 to 2018
- https://www.forbes.com/profile/lakshmi-mittal/ Image of Lakshmi Mittal

Acknowledgements

- Many sources were used in the preparation of this talk, including:
- https://www.dailymail.co.uk/travel/travel/news/article-4779070/History-Seawise-Giant-world-s-largest-ship.html Image of Jahre Viking
- http://charlottemuseum.org/the-little-steel-company-that-could-ken-iverson-and-nucor-corporation/ Image of Ken Iverson
- https://www.nytimes.com/2015/08/22/business/john-correnti-steel-industry-executive-dies-at-68.html Image of John Correnti
- Map of Gwangyang Steelworks, South Korea, Shanghai Baosteel and Barrow in Furness from Google Maps
- http://www.castrip.com/Process/process.html Image of Castrip process
- Mr Da Nym image of HMS Bulwark
- https://gcaptain.com/china-shipyards-set-to-spark-price-war-among-rigmakers/ Image of China shipyard
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aditya Mittal Image of Aditya Mittal
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Burj_Khalifa
 Image of Burj Khalifa
- Various photos (China blast furnaces, Harold Wilson, rebuilding 22 Bishopsgate by Roger Emmott)
- https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Basic-innovations-and-improvement-in-the-120-t-EAF-performances fig3 221911830 EAF improvements
- https://www.worldautosteel.org/why-steel/steel-your-strength/
- https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/docs/CIA-RDP86B00985R000300040017-8.pdf CIA paper on China written 1979 embargoed until release in 2000
- Engineering Architecture: The Vision of Fazlur R. Khan by Yasmin Sabina Khan (his daughter) details of his work with structural steels and high rise buildings
- https://www.amusingplanet.com/2014/08/the-728-ton-tuned-mass-damper-of-taipei.html image of tuned mass damper in Taipei 101
- Crude steel forecasts by MCI/James F King <u>www.steelonthenet.com</u>

92